



TSX.V: TORC OTCQB: TORCF

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

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## TinOne Continues to Report Outstanding Results from its Great Pyramid Project, Tasmania, Australia

**Vancouver, British Columbia (October 11, 2022) – TinOne Resources Inc. (TSX.V: TORC) (OTCQB: TORCF)** ("TinOne" or the "Company") is pleased to provide further results from its Great Pyramid Tin (Sn) Project ("Great Pyramid" or the "Project") located in the tier one mining jurisdiction of Tasmania, Australia. The ongoing program has continued to define significant tin mineralisation.

### Highlights:

- All holes returned tin-bearing intersections and provide strong support for historical drill data
- Mineralised zones shown to extend beneath and peripheral to historical resource
- Outstanding high-grade intersections include:
  - 22GPRC022 returned **0.45% Sn over 15 metres**
  - 22GPRC021 returned **0.37% Sn over 11 metres**
  - 22GPDD001A returned
    - **0.23% Sn over 23 metres, and**
    - **0.22% Sn over 26 metres, and**
    - **0.45% Sn over 11 metres**

*"We continue to be extremely encouraged by the results we are returning from Great Pyramid with high grade results being returned from near surface and at depths more than 200 metres below surface,"* commented Chris Donaldson, Executive Chairman.

Results have been received for 2,827 metres of the Company's ongoing 5,500 metre drilling program at Great Pyramid. These results represent complete results for 19 Reverse Circulation ("RC") drill holes, results from two diamond cored holes and results from one diamond tail and part results from one other diamond tail. Assays are being fast tracked and average laboratory turnaround to-date has been 21 days.

Drilling commenced at the Project on April 27, 2022, with one diamond rig currently operating on site. The initial program consists of approximately 5,500 metres and has several objectives:

- Test the depth and lateral extensions of the mineralised zone
- Test a large-scale IP chargeability anomaly adjacent to the known mineralised zone and
- Obtain grade and continuity data utilising modern drill and analytical techniques.

In addition to the RC and diamond drill results reported here, an additional 662 metres of diamond drilling has been completed within, lateral to, and beneath the historical resource area, with assays pending.

Results reported here are from below, peripheral to and within the historical resource<sup>1</sup> area (Table 1). Drill holes below and peripheral to the historic resource model have returned intersections consistent with or higher grade than the historical model. Ongoing deeper diamond drilling (assays reported here and pending) has confirmed the presence of mineralisation to considerable depth below the historical resource model and are consistent with historical drill data<sup>2</sup> which returned mineralised intervals to the limit of drilling, up to 300 metres below surface.

**Table 1:** Great Pyramid RC and DD drill results. More significant results are shown in bold.

Hole	Intersection Width (m)	From (m)	Sn%	Comments
<b>22GPRC021</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>0.37</b>	Outside historical resource model. To end of hole.
<b>22GPRC022</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>0.45</b>	Inside historic resource model, to end of hole, abandoned due to collapse from old working.
22GPRC024	21	16	0.22	Inside historic resource model.
	14	47	0.10	Inside historic resource model.
22GPRC006	29	160	0.15	Diamond tail. Outside historical resource model.
	6	238	0.27	Diamond tail. Outside historical resource model.
	13.5	250	0.14	Diamond tail. Outside historical resource model. To end of hole.
<b>22GPDD001A</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.23</b>	Diamond cored hole. Inside historical resource model.
	<b>26</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>0.22</b>	Diamond cored hole. Inside historical resource model.
	<b>11</b>	<b>61</b>	<b>0.45</b>	Diamond cored hole. Inside historical resource model.
	8	120	0.28	Diamond cored hole. Inside historical resource model.
	5	148	0.38	Diamond cored hole. Outside historical resource model.
22GPDD008	8	4	0.20	Inside historic resource model.
	14	24	0.20	Inside historic resource model.
	13	134	0.15	Outside historical resource model.
	4	171	0.25	Outside historical resource model.

NOTES: All intersections are calculated with a cut-off grade of 0.1% Sn with maximum consecutive internal waste of 4 metres.

All intersections are downhole widths, true widths are uncertain.

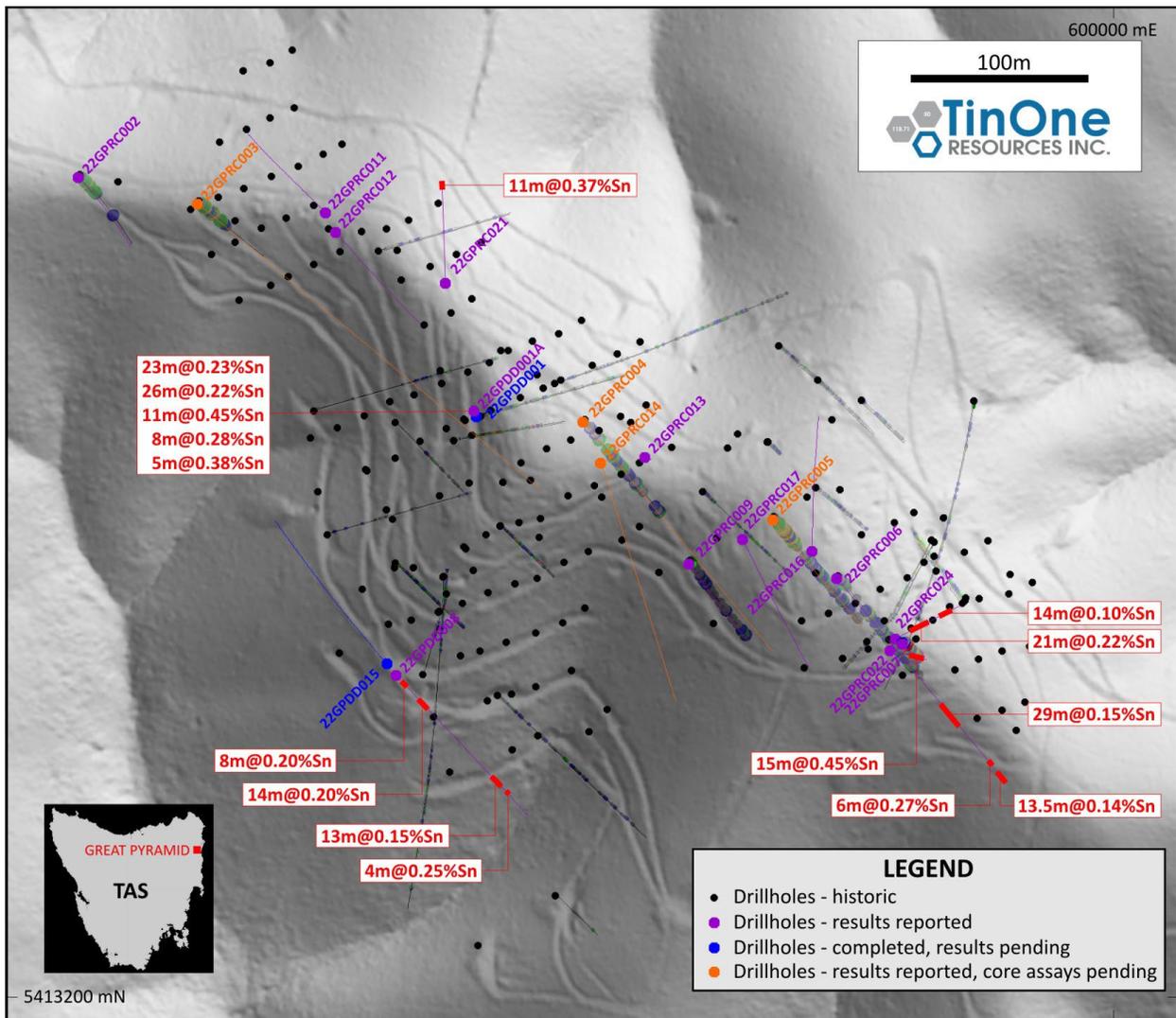
TinOne drill hole numbering is in the form 22GPRCXXX for RC holes and 22GPRDDXXX for diamond holes with numbering allocated in sequence.

Analytical results have been received for RC holes 22GPRC002, 003, 004, 005, 006, 007, 009, 011, 012, 013, 014, 016, 017, 018A, 019, 021, 022, and 024. Hole 22GPRC020 failed at 12 metres and was not assayed. The target area for this hole was drilled by 22GPRC021. Assays have been received for diamond hole 22GPDD001A (redrill of 22GPDD001 which was abandoned at 42.1m), 22GPDD008 and diamond tails on 22GPRC006 and 22GPRC003 (part).

Diamond holes completed and with assays pending are 22GPDD10, 22GPDD015 and 22GPDD023. Diamond tail extensions completed for RC pre-collar hole and with assays pending are 22GPRC004, 22GPRC014 and 22GPRC005.



**Figure 1:** Location of the Company's projects in the mining friendly jurisdiction of Tasmania



**Figure 2:** Great Pyramid drilling plan. Holes reported in this release are labelled. Historic drill collars and traces (for angled holes) are also shown.



**Figure 3:** Great Pyramid diamond core (22GPRC014 197.5-200.10m), beneath historic resource area, assay results pending. Intense sheeted quartz-carbonate  $\pm$  sulphide veining in strongly silicified, medium to coarse grained sandstones. Historical exploration indicates that veins of this style are cassiterite-bearing and are typical of the mineralised zones.



**Figure 4:** Great Pyramid diamond core (22GPRC006 205.2 - 205.35m), beneath historic resource area. Closely sheeted quartz-carbonate-cassiterite veining in strongly silicified sandstone. One metre interval from 205.0 -206.0 assayed at 0.54% tin.

## About the Great Pyramid Tin Project

### **Geological Setting**

The Great Pyramid deposit is located around a topographical feature known as Pyramid Hill and is hosted by Silurian to Devonian Mathinna Supergroup sandstones. The mineralization is formed by closely spaced sheeted northeast trending, cassiterite (SnO<sub>2</sub>) bearing veins associated with silicification and sericite-pyrite alteration. The deposit style and regional comparisons suggests that a tin-fertile granite exists at depth below the deposit, however this has not been encountered in drilling and the deposit is open at depth. Geological interpretation indicates that certain sedimentary units within the folded Mathinna Supergroup sediments are more favourable hosts and diamond drilling being undertaken by the Company during the current campaign, combined with numerical modelling, will assist in developing a deeper understanding of controls on grade for follow up drilling.

The deposit is currently known over a strike length of more than 500 metres with an average width of approximately 150 metres. The depth extent of the deposit is unknown with only nine historical drill holes

greater than 150 metres deep. These rare deeper holes encountered encouraging tin mineralization to depths of approximately 300 metres below surface<sup>2</sup>.

#### **Historic Resources and Drill Data<sup>1</sup>**

A historical mineral resource estimate was completed on the Great Pyramid Project (the “**Historical Estimate**”) for TNT Mines Ltd.<sup>1,2,3,4,5</sup> (Table 2).

**Table 2: Historical Estimate on the Great Pyramid Project<sup>1,2,3,4,5</sup>**

<b>Great Pyramid Inferred Mineral Resource - JORC 2012</b>			
<b>Sn% CUT OFF</b>	<b>TONNES (Mt)</b>	<b>GRADE (Sn%)</b>	<b>CONTAINED TIN (kt)</b>
0.1	5.2	0.2	10.4

#### NOTES

1. Source: “Inferred Mineral Resource for the Great Pyramid Tin Deposit in Tasmania, Abbott, 2014” prepared by Jonathon Abbott of MPR Niuminco Group Ltd. The effective date for the Historical Estimate is 26 February, 2014.
2. The Historical Estimate was prepared using the 2012 Australasian Joint Ore Reserves Committee Code (JORC). The Historical Estimate was not completed using CIM Definition Standards on Mineral Resources and Reserves and is not supported by a technical report completed in accordance with National Instrument 43-101.
3. The estimation of the Historical Estimate utilized close spaced historic percussion (~85%) and lesser diamond drill holes with drill spacing in the estimation area typically 15 x 30m and locally closer. The Inferred Resource was estimated using Multiple Indicator Kriging method of 1.5 metre down-hole composites within a mineralized domain interpreted from tin grade. Continuity of tin grades was characterised by indicator variograms at 14 indicator thresholds. The estimates are extrapolated a maximum of approximately 30 m from drilling. Gemcom software was used for data compilation, domain wireframing, and coding of composite values, and GS3M was used for resource estimation. Resources were estimated into 15 by 30 by 3 m blocks (across strike, strike, vertical) aligned with the 067o trending drilling grid. Planview dimensions of the blocks approximate average drill hole spacing. For precise volume representation, resource estimates include the proportion of block volumes within the mineralised domain below surface. The modelling included a three pass octant based search strategy. Search ellipsoid radii (across strike, along strike, vertical) and minimum data requirements for these searches were: Search 1: 20 by 20 by 4 m (16 data), Search 2: 30 by 30 by 6 m (16 data), Search 3: 30 by 30 by 6 (8 data). Model validation included visual comparison of model estimates and composite grades, and trend (swath) plots, along with comparison with estimates from alternative estimation methodologies and previous model estimates. The Historical Estimate is restricted to the area of close spaced drilling and 90% of the resource occurs within 40 metres of surface. Although the limited deeper drilling has encountered mineralized material this was not included in the Historical Estimate. The mineralised domain wireframe used to constrain the estimates was primarily interpreted on the basis of tin assay grades and restricts estimates to the volume tested by reasonably close spaced drilling. The wireframe was trimmed by the cross cutting dyke and soil units interpreted from drill hole logging and geological mapping. Investigation of alternative interpretations included resource estimation with assumed dominant mineralisation controls varying from flat lying to steeply west dipping. These models did not give significantly different total estimates.
4. The reader is cautioned that the Historical Estimate is considered historical in nature and as such is based on prior data and reports prepared by previous property owners. The reader is cautioned not to treat them, or any part of them, as current mineral resources or reserves. A qualified person has not done sufficient work to classify the Historical Estimates as current resources and TinOne is not treating the Historical Estimates as current resources. Significant data compilation, re-drilling, re-sampling and data verification may be required by a qualified person before the Historical Estimates can be classified as a current resource. There can be no assurance that any of the historical mineral resources, in whole or in part, will ever become economically viable. In addition, mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. Even if classified as a current resource, there is no certainty as to whether further exploration will result in any inferred mineral resources being upgraded to an indicated or measured mineral resource category.
5. The Company has determined that the Historical Estimate is reliable, and relevant to be included here because it was estimated using close spaced drilling with modern geostatistical methods and software by an experienced resource geologist and provides a guide to the location of the Great Pyramid mineralised zone. This will be used to assist in targeting drilling to undertake testing of the extent and grade of the mineralised system.

### **Quality Assurance / Quality Control**

Drill core and RC samples were shipped to ALS Limited in Brisbane, Australia for sample preparation and for analysis. The ALS, Brisbane facilities are ISO 9001 and ISO/IEC 17025 certified. Tin and tungsten are analysed by ICP-MS following lithium borate fusion (ALS method ME-MS85), overlimit results are reanalysed by XRF (ALS method XRF15b). Forty-eight element multi-element analyses are conducted by ICP-MS with a four-acid digestion (ALS method ME-MS61).

Control samples comprising certified reference samples, duplicates and blank samples were systematically inserted into the sample stream and analyzed as part of the Company's quality assurance / quality control protocol.

### **About TinOne**

TinOne is a TSX Venture Exchange listed Canadian public company with a high-quality portfolio of tin projects in the Tier 1 mining jurisdictions of Tasmania and New South Wales, Australia. The Company is focussed on advancing its highly prospective portfolio while also evaluating additional tin opportunities. TinOne is supported by Inventa Capital Corp.

### **Qualified Person**

The Company's disclosure of technical or scientific information in this press release has been reviewed and approved by Dr. Stuart Smith., Technical Advisor for TinOne. Dr. Smith is a Qualified Person as defined under the terms of National Instrument 43-101.

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### **SPECIAL NOTE REGARDING FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS**

*This news release includes certain "Forward-Looking Statements" within the meaning of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and "forward-looking information" under applicable Canadian securities laws. When used in this news release, the words "anticipate", "believe", "estimate", "expect", "target", "plan", "forecast", "may", "would", "could", "schedule" and similar words or expressions, identify forward-looking statements or information. These forward-looking statements or information relate to, among other things: the development of the Company's projects, including drilling programs and mobilization of drill rigs; future mineral exploration, development and production; the release of drilling results; and completion of a drilling program.*

*Forward-looking statements and forward-looking information relating to any future mineral production, liquidity, enhanced value and capital markets profile of TinOne, future growth potential for TinOne and its business, and future exploration plans are based on management's reasonable assumptions, estimates, expectations, analyses and opinions, which are based on management's experience and perception of*

*trends, current conditions and expected developments, and other factors that management believes are relevant and reasonable in the circumstances, but which may prove to be incorrect. Assumptions have been made regarding, among other things, the price of gold and other metals; no escalation in the severity of the COVID-19 pandemic; costs of exploration and development; the estimated costs of development of exploration projects; TinOne's ability to operate in a safe and effective manner and its ability to obtain financing on reasonable terms.*

*These statements reflect TinOne's respective current views with respect to future events and are necessarily based upon a number of other assumptions and estimates that, while considered reasonable by management, are inherently subject to significant business, economic, competitive, political and social uncertainties and contingencies. Many factors, both known and unknown, could cause actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from the results, performance or achievements that are or may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements or forward-looking information and TinOne has made assumptions and estimates based on or related to many of these factors. Such factors include, without limitation: the Company's dependence on early stage mineral projects; metal price volatility; risks associated with the conduct of the Company's mining activities in Australia; regulatory, consent or permitting delays; risks relating to reliance on the Company's management team and outside contractors; risks regarding mineral resources and reserves; the Company's inability to obtain insurance to cover all risks, on a commercially reasonable basis or at all; currency fluctuations; risks regarding the failure to generate sufficient cash flow from operations; risks relating to project financing and equity issuances; risks and unknowns inherent in all mining projects, including the inaccuracy of reserves and resources, metallurgical recoveries and capital and operating costs of such projects; contests over title to properties, particularly title to undeveloped properties; laws and regulations governing the environment, health and safety; the ability of the communities in which the Company operates to manage and cope with the implications of COVID-19; the economic and financial implications of COVID-19 to the Company; operating or technical difficulties in connection with mining or development activities; employee relations, labour unrest or unavailability; the Company's interactions with surrounding communities and artisanal miners; the Company's ability to successfully integrate acquired assets; the speculative nature of exploration and development, including the risks of diminishing quantities or grades of reserves; stock market volatility; conflicts of interest among certain directors and officers; lack of liquidity for shareholders of the Company; litigation risk; and the factors identified under the caption "Risk Factors" in TinOne's management discussion and analysis. Readers are cautioned against attributing undue certainty to forward-looking statements or forward-looking information. Although TinOne has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, there may be other factors that cause results not to be anticipated, estimated or intended. TinOne does not intend, and does not assume any obligation, to update these forward-looking statements or forward-looking information to reflect changes in assumptions or changes in circumstances or any other events affecting such statements or information, other than as required by applicable law.*